

ORAL ARGUMENT SCHEDULED MAY 14, 2026
Nos. 25-5241, 25-5265, 25-5277, 25-5310 (Consolidated)

**United States Court of Appeals
for the District of Columbia Circuit**

PERKINS COIE LLP,
Plaintiff-Appellee,

v.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, ET AL.,
Defendants-Appellants.

On Appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Columbia

Nos. 1:25-cv-00716 (BAH), 1:25-cv-00916 (JDB),
1:25-cv-00917 (RJL), 1:25-cv-01107 (LLA)

**BRIEF OF *AMICI CURIAE* LAW FIRMS IN SUPPORT OF
PLAINTIFFS-APPELLEES AND AFFIRMANCE**

Nathan P. Eimer
Counsel of Record
Scott C. Solberg
Daniel D. Birk
Benjamin E. Waldin
Gregory M. Schweizer
Johnathan T. Hall
EIMER STAHL LLP
224 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1100
Chicago, IL 60604
(312) 660-7600
neimer@eimerstahl.com

Attorneys for Amici Curiae Law Firms

CERTIFICATE AS TO PARTIES, RULINGS, AND RELATED CASES

Pursuant to D.C. Circuit Rule 28(a)(1), the undersigned certifies as follows:

A. Parties and Amici

Except for newly filing amici parties in this Court, all parties, intervenors, and amici appearing before the district court and in this Court are listed in the Briefs for Defendants-Appellants and Plaintiffs-Appellees.

B. Rulings Under Review

References to the rulings at issue appear in the Briefs for Defendants-Appellants and Plaintiffs-Appellees.

C. Related Cases

The related case is listed in the Briefs for Defendants-Appellants and Plaintiffs-Appellees. Counsel is not aware of any other related cases.

Dated: April 3, 2026

/s/ Nathan P. Eimer

Nathan P. Eimer

Counsel for Amici Curiae Law Firms

CORPORATE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1 and D.C. Circuit Rules 26.1 and 29(b), *amici curiae* state that they are comprised of law firms and legal corporations. They have no parent corporations and do not issue public stock.

Dated: April 3, 2026

/s/ Nathan P. Eimer

Nathan P. Eimer

Counsel for Amici Curiae Law Firms

CERTIFICATE REGARDING SEPARATE BRIEFING

Pursuant to D.C. Circuit Rule 29(d), counsel for *amici* certifies that a separate brief is necessary to express the views of advocates tasked with representing the Nation's leading business and financial institutions, which depend on the stability of the rule of law to thrive economically, and the interests of small businesses, nonprofit organizations, state and local governments, public-sector entities, consumers, workers, and other individuals, who likewise depend on the impartial administration of justice. *Amici* are particularly well suited to provide this Court important context on these subjects because of their experience, range of clients, and deep and abiding commitment to the rule of law.

Dated: April 3, 2026

/s/ Nathan P. Eimer

Nathan P. Eimer

Counsel for Amici Curiae Law Firms

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CERTIFICATE AS TO PARTIES, RULINGS, AND RELATED CASES	i
CORPORATE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	ii
CERTIFICATE REGARDING SEPARATE BRIEFING.....	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS.....	iv
TABLE OF AUTHORITIES	v
INTEREST OF <i>AMICI CURIAE</i>	1
INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT	3
ARGUMENT	6
CONCLUSION.....	14
CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE.....	15
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	16
APPENDIX A – LIST OF <i>AMICI CURIAE</i> LAW FIRMS	

TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

Cases

<i>Boumediene v. Bush</i> , 553 U.S. 723 (2008).....	4
<i>Consumer Fin. Prot. Bureau v. Cmty. Fin. Servs. Ass’n of Am., Ltd.</i> , 601 U.S. 416 (2024).....	4
<i>Gideon v. Wainwright</i> , 372 U.S. 335 (1963).....	6
<i>Johnson v. Zerbst</i> , 304 U.S. 458 (1938).....	6
<i>Legal Servs. Corp. v. Velazquez</i> , 531 U.S. 533 (2001).....	6, 9
<i>Marbury v. Madison</i> , 5 U.S. 137 (1803).....	6, 13
<i>Martinez v. Ryan</i> , 566 U.S. 1 (2012).....	7
<i>NAACP v. Button</i> , 371 U.S. 415 (1963).....	9
<i>Nat’l Rifle Ass’n of Am. v. Vullo</i> , 602 U.S. 175 (2024).....	9, 10
<i>NFIB v. Sebelius</i> , 567 U.S. 519 (2012).....	4
<i>Penson v. Ohio</i> , 488 U.S. 75 (1988).....	11
<i>Rosenberger v. Rector & Visitors of the Univ. of Va.</i> , 515 U.S. 819 (1995).....	10
<i>Seila Law LLC v. Consumer Fin. Prot. Bureau</i> , 591 U.S. 197 (2020).....	4

<i>United States v. Nixon</i> , 418 U.S. 683 (1974).....	6
<i>Walters v. Nat’l Ass’n of Radiation Survivors</i> , 473 U.S. 305 (1985).....	8
<i>Williams v. Beto</i> , 354 F.2d 698 (5th Cir. 1965)	6
Other Authorities	
3 <i>Diary and Autobiography of John Adams</i> (L.H. Butterfield et al. eds., 1961).....	7
ABA Canons of Professional Ethics, <i>Ethical Considerations</i> (1970).....	8
Arthur Miller, <i>The Crucible</i>	8, 9
David Goldberger, <i>Skokie: The First Amendment Under Attack by its Friends</i> , 29 Mercer L. Rev. 761 (1978)	7, 8
David McCullough, <i>John Adams</i> (2001)	7
<i>Day of the Endangered Lawyer</i> , Int’l Ass’n of Young Lawyers (Jan. 24, 2023).....	9
Exec. Order No. 14,230, 90 Fed. Reg. 11,781 (Mar. 6, 2025)	1, 10
Exec. Order No. 14,246, 90 Fed. Reg. 13,997 (Mar. 25, 2025)	1, 10
Exec. Order No. 14,250, 90 Fed. Reg. 14,549 (Mar. 27, 2025)	1, 10
Exec. Order No. 14,263, 90 Fed. Reg. 15,615 (Apr. 9, 2025).....	1, 10
Josh Dawsey, C. Ryan Barber & Sadie Gurman, <i>Trump Ordered Justice Department Reversal on Law Firm Sanctions</i> , Wall St. J. (Mar. 11, 2026)	5
Louise I. Shelley, <i>Soviet Defense Counsel: Past as Prologue</i> , 12 Am. B. Found. Res. J. 835 (1987)	9
Matthew Goldstein & Jessica Silver-Greenberg, <i>Some Giant Law Firms Shy Away From Pro Bono Immigration Cases</i> , N.Y. Times (May 6, 2025).....	12
Mike Scarcella & Sara Merken, <i>Trump executive order seeks law firms to defend police officers for free</i> , Reuters (Apr. 29, 2025).....	13

Mike Spector, et al., *How Trump’s crackdown on law firms is undermining legal defenses for the vulnerable*, Reuters (Aug. 3, 2025) 12, 13

Sam Howe Verhovek, *A Klansman’s Black Lawyer, and a Principle*, N.Y. Times (Sept. 10, 1993).....8

William Shakespeare, *Henry VI, Part 2*8

Rules

Fed. R. App. P. 29(a)(4)(E).....1

INTEREST OF *AMICI CURIAE*

*Amici*¹ are 842 of this Nation’s law firms.² They file this brief to highlight the extraordinary and unprecedented threat posed to the legal profession by the four Executive Orders at issue in this litigation.³

Many *amici* advocate for the interests of the Nation’s leading business and financial institutions, which depend on the stability of the rule of law to thrive economically. Others advocate for the interests of small businesses, nonprofit organizations, state and local governments, public-sector entities, consumers, workers, and other individuals, and likewise depend on the impartial administration of justice to advance their clients’ objectives. Individuals at these firms hold a wide range of political, social, and economic views. But despite those differences, *amici* are united in their support for the rule of law and the importance of preserving the independence and integrity of the legal profession. Professional independence is particularly important when a law firm represents a client challenging the actions of

¹ Pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 29(a)(4)(E), *amici* state that no party’s counsel authored this brief in whole or in part, and no party, party’s counsel, or any person other than *amici* or their counsel contributed money intended to fund the preparation or submission of this brief. *Amici* also state that all parties to the appeal have consented to the filing of this brief.

² The individual *amici* are named in Appendix A.

³ Exec. Order No. 14,230, 90 Fed. Reg. 11,781 (Mar. 6, 2025) (“Perkins Coie Order”); Exec. Order No. 14,246, 90 Fed. Reg. 13,997 (Mar. 25, 2025) (“Jenner & Block Order”); Exec. Order No. 14,250, 90 Fed. Reg. 14,549 (Mar. 27, 2025) (“WilmerHale Order”); Exec. Order No. 14,263, 90 Fed. Reg. 15,615 (Apr. 9, 2025) (“Susman Godfrey Order”).

a President or his administration, be they Republican or Democrat. Checking federal government overreach, whether it be infringements on religious liberty, assaults on the freedom of the press, or burdensome regulation, is a vital part of what *amici* and others like them are called to do. *Amici* have an interest in explaining to the Court the impact on the ability of law firms to fulfill this role if the Executive Orders are allowed to stand. Many of the *amici* have sworn an oath to support and defend the Constitution of the United States, and all *amici* share an unwavering commitment to its principles. Pursuant to those values, *amici* submit this brief.

INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

The President issued Executive Orders against four of the Nation’s leading law firms—Perkins Coie LLP (“Perkins Coie”), Jenner & Block LLP (“Jenner & Block”), Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale & Dorr LLP (“WilmerHale”), and Susman Godfrey LLP (“Susman Godfrey”)—in undisguised retaliation for representations that the firms, or former partners of the firms, have undertaken or may be planning to undertake. Make no mistake, these Executive Orders seek to intimidate every firm, large and small, into submission. The Executive Orders subject the four targeted firms, as well as their clients and personnel, to draconian collective punishment—including the potential loss of clients that contract with the United States, denial of access to federal buildings and facilities, and the revocation of their attorneys’ security clearances.

Such disabilities caused swift harm. Federal officials canceled meetings; attorneys were unsure whether they could access courthouses; and in cases involving classified information, lawyers were to be stripped of the clearances necessary to review essential evidence, making meaningful representation impossible. Clients also terminated engagements with the law firms or were forced to reconsider continued representation, particularly where association might endanger important government contracts. Worse yet, since these Executive Orders were issued, fewer

of the country's largest law firms have been willing to challenge government action, and both civil-rights groups and indigent clients have had difficulty finding counsel.

In the Opening Brief, the government faults the district courts below for purportedly trying to silence the President. But this deliberately mischaracterizes what the courts did in this case. The district courts did not enjoin the President from speaking. Instead, they justifiably relied on the President's own words as evidence of the Executive Order's unlawful purpose: to retaliate against past legal advocacy and representations the President found distasteful and intimidate these and other law firms into silence. The President is free to speak his mind, and he usually does. What he cannot do is use the power of the Executive Branch to infringe on the rights of others and interfere with the rule of law.

Over the past two decades alone, the country's largest law firms have represented clients seeking to invalidate major presidential initiatives of every presidential administration, from the Military Commissions Act of 2006⁴ to the Affordable Care Act⁵ and the Dodd-Frank Act.⁶ Until now, it would have been inconceivable that a law firm would be risking sanctions from the Executive Branch

⁴ *Boumediene v. Bush*, 553 U.S. 723 (2008).

⁵ *NFIB v. Sebelius*, 567 U.S. 519 (2012).

⁶ *Seila Law LLC v. Consumer Fin. Prot. Bureau*, 591 U.S. 197 (2020); *Consumer Fin. Prot. Bureau v. Cmty. Fin. Servs. Ass'n of Am., Ltd.*, 601 U.S. 416 (2024).

for undertaking representations of this kind. The Executive Orders made clear that is no longer the case.

The Executive Orders pose a grave threat to our system of constitutional governance. An attack on the legal profession is tantamount to an attack on the rule of law and, by extension, democracy itself. The First Amendment categorically prohibits using the threat of official retribution to deter lawyers from expressing their views or representing whom they choose—such advocacy is vital to the judicial system and the rule of law. Indeed, the unlawfulness of the Executive Orders is so evident that even the attorneys at the Justice Department recognized that this appeal lacks merit, which is why the government voluntarily sought to dismiss the case. Upon learning that the appeal had been dropped, however, the President forced the Justice Department to continue to pursue a meritless appeal rather than concede that the Executive Orders were unconstitutional and forfeit his leverage over law firms.⁷ Clearly, the true purpose of the Executive Orders and this appeal is not to vindicate legitimate concerns about national security but rather to continue to scare the legal profession away from representations and lawyers disfavored by the President.

⁷ Josh Dawsey, C. Ryan Barber & Sadie Gurman, *Trump Ordered Justice Department Reversal on Law Firm Sanctions*, Wall St. J. (Mar. 11, 2026), <https://www.wsj.com/politics/policy/trump-ordered-justice-department-reversal-on-law-firm-sanctions-fl37f164>.

The judiciary must act with resolve to halt this abuse of executive power. *Cf. United States v. Nixon*, 418 U.S. 683 (1974). To safeguard the independence of the legal profession, this Court should affirm the judgments of the district courts.

ARGUMENT

Lawyers serve an indispensable role in safeguarding the principle that “the government of the United States” is emphatically “a government of laws, and not of men.” *Marbury v. Madison*, 5 U.S. 137, 163 (1803) (citation modified). Lawyers “prepare and submit the great issues of human justice under law in such manner and form that courts, in the ultimate, may be effective.” *Williams v. Beto*, 354 F.2d 698, 706 (5th Cir. 1965). The adversarial system depends upon advocates litigating each side of a case with equal vigor; that is how impartial judges arrive at just, informed decisions that vindicate the rule of law. *See Legal Servs. Corp. v. Velazquez*, 531 U.S. 533, 545 (2001) (“An informed, independent judiciary presumes an informed, independent bar.”). Indeed, the right to counsel is enshrined in the Bill of Rights and “stands as a constant admonition that if the constitutional safeguards it provides [are] lost, justice will not . . . be done.” *Johnson v. Zerbst*, 304 U.S. 458, 462 (1938) (citation modified); *see also Gideon v. Wainwright*, 372 U.S. 335, 342–43 (1963) (“The right to the aid of counsel is of . . . fundamental character.” (citation modified)).

It is a deeply rooted principle of the legal profession that everyone, no matter their actions or beliefs, is entitled to zealous advocacy on their behalf. *See Martinez v. Ryan*, 566 U.S. 1, 12 (2012) (“[T]he right to counsel is the foundation for our adversary system.”). The principle is so deeply ingrained that lawyers consider it a core part of their professional obligation to take on representation of clients with whom they disagree, even vehemently. John Adams agreed to represent eight British soldiers charged with murder after the Boston Massacre, along with their captain, at “the loss of more than half his practice.” David McCullough, *John Adams* 66–68 (2001); *see* JA1628–29, Perkins Coie Op. at 1–2. “I had no hesitation,” he wrote, because “Council ought to be the very last thing that an accused Person should want in a free Country,” and “the Bar ought . . . to be independent and impartial at all Times And in every Circumstance.” 3 *Diary and Autobiography of John Adams* 293 (L.H. Butterfield et al. eds., 1961); *see* JA1629, Perkins Coie Op. at 2. David Goldberger, the Jewish then-legal director of the ACLU of Illinois, represented neo-Nazis who sought to march in Skokie, Illinois, in the face of “massive ACLU membership resignations” and “physical intimidation of ACLU staffers.” David Goldberger, *Skokie: The First Amendment Under Attack by its Friends*, 29 *Mercer L. Rev.* 761, 767 (1978). Responding to critics, Goldberger quoted the American Bar Association’s Canons of Ethics, which advises that “a lawyer should not decline representation because a client or a cause is unpopular or a community reaction is

adverse.” *Id.* at 768 (quoting ABA Canons of Professional Ethics, *Ethical Considerations*, 2-27 (1970)). Anthony Griffin, a Black lawyer, defended the grand dragon of the Texas Knights of the Ku Klux Klan because every organization “ha[s] a right to organize, to assemble, to free speech,” and “if you take away their rights, you take away my rights also.” Sam Howe Verhovek, *A Klansman’s Black Lawyer, and a Principle*, N.Y. Times (Sept. 10, 1993).⁸

Literature and history offer indelible reminders of the perils associated with governmental intrusion into the autonomy of the legal system and with political retribution aimed at lawyers thought to stand in the way of a regime’s political objectives. In Shakespeare’s *Henry VI*, a rebel, who wanted to become king, famously agreed to the proposal that “[t]he first thing we do, let’s kill all the lawyers.” William Shakespeare, *Henry VI, Part 2* act 4, sc. 2, l. 75. His plotting underscores a simple point, recognized by Justice John Paul Stevens, that “disposing of lawyers is a step in the direction of a totalitarian form of government.” *Walters v. Nat’l Ass’n of Radiation Survivors*, 473 U.S. 305, 371 n.24 (1985) (Stevens, J., dissenting). In Arthur Miller’s *The Crucible*, Thomas Danforth, Chief Judge of the Court, opined that “[t]he pure in heart need no lawyers.” Arthur Miller, *The Crucible* act 3. But Reverend John Hale, disillusioned by the lack of due process during the

⁸ <https://www.nytimes.com/1993/09/10/news/a-klansman-s-black-lawyer-and-a-principle.html>.

Salem Witch Trials, urged that a man suspected of witchcraft be sent home “and let him come again with a lawyer,” as the legal profession is essential in upholding the rule of law and safeguarding the rights of the accused. *Id.*

Time and time again, authoritarian governments have disbarred, prosecuted, and jailed lawyers who dared to represent opposition figures or challenge government actions, leading to predictable outcomes for the rule of law and the integrity of the legal profession. *See, e.g.,* Louise I. Shelley, *Soviet Defense Counsel: Past as Prologue*, 12 Am. B. Found. Res. J. 835, 836–37 (1987). Recently, for example, when the Taliban retook power in Afghanistan, they retaliated against lawyers who had worked in the defense of human rights and restricted court access only to Taliban-approved attorneys. *Day of the Endangered Lawyer*, Int’l Ass’n of Young Lawyers (Jan. 24, 2023).⁹

Fortunately, such abuses have been rare in our country’s history—and for good reason. The First Amendment “protects vigorous advocacy . . . against governmental intrusion” and treats such advocacy as a core “form of political expression.” *NAACP v. Button*, 371 U.S. 415, 429 (1963); *see also Velazquez*, 531 U.S. at 542–43. Government officials cannot “rely[] on the threat of invoking legal sanctions and other means of coercion . . . to achieve the suppression of disfavored speech.” *Nat’l Rifle Ass’n of Am. v. Vullo*, 602 U.S. 175, 189 (2024) (citation

⁹ <https://www.ajia.org/news/news-319>.

modified). Doing so is textbook viewpoint discrimination, “an egregious form of content discrimination,” and is presumptively unconstitutional. *Rosenberger v. Rector & Visitors of the Univ. of Va.*, 515 U.S. 819, 829 (1995).

And yet, the Executive Orders do exactly what the First Amendment forbids: threaten “legal sanctions and other means of coercion” based on past advocacy and expressed viewpoints. *Vullo*, 602 U.S. at 189 (citation modified). The Executive Orders state, in plain terms, the “vigorous advocacy” singled out for disfavor: Perkins Coie allegedly engaged in “dishonest and dangerous activity” by representing “failed Presidential candidate Hillary Clinton” and representing clients in other past election-law litigation. Perkins Coie Order § 1. Jenner & Block allegedly supported “attacks against women and children based on a refusal to accept the biological reality of sex” and allegedly backed “the obstruction of efforts to prevent illegal aliens from committing horrific crimes and trafficking deadly drugs within our borders.” Jenner & Block Order § 1. WilmerHale allegedly “rewarded Robert Mueller and his colleagues . . . by welcoming them to the firm after they wielded the power of the Federal Government to lead one of the most partisan investigations in American history.” WilmerHale Order § 1. Susman Godfrey allegedly “spearhead[ed] efforts to weaponize the American legal system and degrade the quality of American elections.” Susman Godfrey Order § 1. For engaging in this protected advocacy, the Executive Orders mete out harsh and

debilitating punishment: the revocation of the firms' attorneys' security clearances, the potential loss of clients that contract with the United States, and denial of access to federal buildings and facilities.

Before the district courts enjoined the Executive Orders, the harm was immediate. Officials canceled scheduled meetings on pending matters, and attorneys were unsure if they could even enter courthouses or meet with clients in federal custody.¹⁰ The revocation of attorney security clearances was crippling for those representing criminal defendants in cases involving classified information, as lawyers could no longer access necessary evidence. These legal sanctions prevented counsel from fulfilling their professional duty as advocates—a role the Supreme Court has deemed “the most pervasive” of all rights because it “affects [the] ability to assert any other rights.” *Penson v. Ohio*, 488 U.S. 75, 84 (1988) (citation modified). As a result, several clients terminated their engagements with the four law firms, while others were forced to evaluate whether continued retention remained prudent. For clients who contract with the government, association with

¹⁰ See, e.g., JA1649, Perkins Coie Op. at 22 (“[A] federal official refused to allow Perkins Coie attorneys to attend a scheduled meeting to discuss a pending matter before that agency.”); JA2162, Jenner & Block Op. at 6 (“Department of Justice lawyers instructed a Jenner client not to bring its counsel from Jenner to a meeting . . .”).

the targeted firms posed an enormous risk, threatening billions of dollars in revenue should they incur the President's ire.¹¹

The threat posed by the Executive Orders is not lost on anyone practicing law in this country today: any controversial representation challenging actions of the current administration—or even supporting causes it disfavors—now brings with it the risk of devastating retaliation. Unfortunately, the tactic seems to be working all too well. Law firms have shied away from legal representation that could incur the wrath of the executive. *See* Matthew Goldstein & Jessica Silver-Greenberg, *Some Giant Law Firms Shy Away From Pro Bono Immigration Cases*, N.Y. Times (May 6, 2025).¹² “The top 50 U.S. law firms by revenue have represented plaintiffs in only about 3% of the 865 lawsuits filed since the start of Trump’s second term under the Administrative Procedure Act,” whereas “[d]uring Trump’s first term, those same firms were involved in almost 9% of 3,400 such cases.” Mike Spector, et al., *How Trump’s crackdown on law firms is undermining legal defenses for the vulnerable*, Reuters (Aug. 3, 2025).¹³ Already, civil-rights groups report widespread hesitation amongst law firms to engage with them, with many lawyers resorting to anonymous

¹¹ *See, e.g.*, JA2162, Jenner & Block Op. at 6 (“More than forty percent of Jenner’s revenue comes from government contractors, subcontractors, or affiliates . . .; the order puts that revenue at grave risk.”).

¹² <https://www.nytimes.com/2025/05/06/business/trump-law-firms-pro-bono-immigration.html>.

¹³ <https://www.reuters.com/investigations/trumps-war-big-law-leads-firms-retreat-pro-bono-work-underdogs-2025-07-31/>.

assistance or simply refusing to help altogether. *See id.* For its part, the government touts strong-arming nine law firms into contributing nearly \$1 billion in pro bono services to a variety of causes favored by the administration. *See* Brief for Appellants at 2; *see also* Mike Scarcella & Sara Merken, *Trump executive order seeks law firms to defend police officers for free*, Reuters (Apr. 29, 2025).¹⁴ But eroding the rule of law is nothing to celebrate. Whatever short-term advantage an administration may gain from exercising power in this way, an impartial and co-equal judicial system cannot long endure in the climate of fear that such actions create.

For our system of justice to operate, members of the bar must be free to advocate zealously for all their clients, large and small, rich and poor, without fear of retribution. They must be free, in the words of Chief Justice Marshall, to defend “the right of every individual to claim the protection of the laws.” *Marbury*, 5 U.S. at 163. These principles have made it possible for this Nation’s corporations to lead the world in innovation and productivity; for our scientists, scholars, and creative artists to contribute so much to human progress; and for all of us to know that we can turn to the courts to vindicate our fundamental civil rights. Unless the judiciary acts decisively, though, what was once beyond the pale will become a stark reality. Organizations and individuals alike will risk losing their right to be represented by

¹⁴ <https://www.reuters.com/legal/government/trump-executive-order-seeks-law-firms-defend-police-officers-free-2025-04-29/>.

the law firms of their choice, and a profound, lasting chill will be cast over cherished constitutional rights.

CONCLUSION

For these reasons, this Court should affirm the District Court's rulings in favor of Plaintiffs-Appellees.

Dated: April 3, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Nathan P. Eimer

Nathan P. Eimer

Counsel of Record

Scott C. Solberg

Daniel D. Birk

Benjamin E. Waldin

Gregory M. Schweizer

Johnathan T. Hall

EIMER STAHL LLP

224 S. Michigan Ave., Suite 1100

Chicago, IL 60604

(312) 660-7600

neimer@eimerstahl.com

ssolberg@eimerstahl.com

dbirk@eimerstahl.com

bwaldin@eimerstahl.com

gschweizer@eimerstahl.com

jhall@eimerstahl.com

Attorneys for Amici Curiae Law Firms

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

This brief complies with the type-volume limitation of Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 29(a)(5) and 32(a)(7) because the brief contains 3,022 words, excluding the parts of the brief exempt by Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 32(f) and Circuit Rule 32(e)(1). This brief complies with the typeface requirements of Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 32(a)(5) and the type-style requirements of Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 32(a)(6) because it has been prepared in a proportionally spaced typeface using Microsoft Word for Microsoft 365 in 14-point Times New Roman font.

Dated: April 3, 2026

/s/ Nathan P. Eimer

Nathan P. Eimer

Counsel for Amici Curiae Law Firms

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court for the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit by using the Court's CM/ECF system on April 3, 2026.

Participants in the case who are registered CM/ECF users will be served by the appellate CM/ECF system.

Dated: April 3, 2026

/s/ Nathan P. Eimer

Nathan P. Eimer

Counsel for Amici Curiae Law Firms

APPENDIX A

***Amici Curiae* Law Firms**

300degrees PLLC
Aaron C. de la Garza, PLLC
Abdnour Weiker LLP
Abramson & Morak
Advocate Law Group P.C.
AEON Law, PLLC
Aisha N. Smith Regulatory Law, PLLC
Ajamie LLP
Aldous Law
Ali & Lockwood LLP
ALR Civil Rights LLC
Altair Law LLP
Alto Litigation, PC
Altshuler Berzon LLP
Amis, Patel & Brewer, LLP
Anapol Weiss
Anderson & Kreiger LLP
Andolina Law
Andrus Wagstaff PC
ARCH Legal, P.C.
Arete Law Group PLLC
Arguedas, Cassman, Headley & Goldman LLP
Armond Wilson LLP
Arnold & Porter Kaye Scholer LLP
Arns Davis Law
Arrowood LLP
Arthur J. Lachman, Attorney at Law
Ascheman Law
Atheria Law PC
AVA Law Group
Avera & Smith, LLP
Aviso Legal Group LLP
Aviva Kamm Law PLLC
Aylstock Witkin Kreis & Overholtz, PLC

Bailey & Glasser LLP
Banashek Irving & McNutt, LLP
Bangos Law Firm, P.A.
Barber Law Group PC
Barnard Iglitzin & Lavitt LLP
Barrientos PC
Bassford Remele PA
Baugman Kroup Bosse PLLC
Beale, Micheaels, Slack & Shughart, P.C.
Bedell, Dittmar, DeVault, Pillans & Coxe, P.A.
Beeman & Muchmore, LLP
Beldock Levine & Hoffman LLP
Benach Pitney Reilly LLP
Benedict Law Group PLLC
Bennett & Samios LLP
Berg Hill Greenleaf Ruscitti LLP
Berger Montague PC
Berman Tabacco
Berner Chawla, PLLC
Bernstein & Gordon LLP
Beveridge & Diamond, P.C.
Bharti Law Group, PLLC
Bienvenu Law Office
Binder & Schwartz LLP
Bird, Marella, Rhow, Lincenberg, Drooks & Nessim, LLP
Birnbaum & Godkin, LLP
Birrell Law Firm, PLLC
BLL LLP
Block & Leviton LLP
Blood Hurst & O'Reardon, LLP
Bloom Peters, LLC
Blue Dot Advocates, PBC
Blumberg Law Corporation
Bondurant, Mixson & Elmore LLP

Boro Law Firm
Botkin Chiarello Calaf PLLC
Bradley Bernstein Sands LLP
Brady Reilly & Cardoso, LLC
Bragança Law LLC
Brann & Isaacson
BraunHagey & Borden LLP
Bread & Roses Law Group
Bremer & Trollop Law Offices, S.C.
Breskin Johnson Trial Lawyers, PLLC
Brian L. Tannebaum, PA
Broadband Legal Strategies, LLC
BrotmanLaw PLLC
Brown & Peisch PLLC
Brown Counsel, LLC
Brown, Goldstein & Levy, LLP
Burgess Law PC
Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP
Burns Bair LLP
Byrd Davis Alden & Henrichson, LLP
Caballero Law LLLC
Cade Law Group LLC
Caffrey Hill, PLLC
Cairncross & Hempelmann, P.S.
Caldwell LLP
Cannon & Dunphy S.C.
Caplan Cobb LLC
Carney Bates & Pulliam, PLLC
Carrington, Coleman, Sloman & Blumenthal, L.L.P.
Casey Gerry Francavilla Blatt LLP
Casner & Edwards, LLP
Charhon Callahan Robson & Garza, PLLC
Charles J. Kettlewell LLC
Charles S. Tusa, PLLC

Chatillon Weiss PLLC
Choate, Hall & Stewart LLP
Christian Contreras Law, PLC
Cicccone Law, LLC
Ciresi Conlin LLP
Civil Rights Litigation Group
Clapp, Moroney, Vucinich, Beeman + Scheley
Clarick Gueron Reisbaum LLP
Clark Smith Villazor LLP
Clarke Johnston Thorp & Rice PPC
Clayman Rosenberg Kirshner & Linder LLP
Clean Energy Counsel, LLP
Clifford Law Offices, P.C.
Clinton & Peed
Coast Law Group, LLP
Coblentz Patch Duffy & Bass LLP
Cochran Law Group LLC
Cohen Hirsch, LP
Cohen Milstein Sellers & Toll PLLC
Cohen Williams LLP
Cohen&Green P.L.L.C.
Cohen, Placitella & Roth, P.C.
Cohen, Weiss and Simon LLP
Colantuono, Highsmith & Whatley, PC
Collado Law, LLC
Commins, Knudsen & Chou, P.C.
Complex Appellate Litigation Group LLP
Conn Kavanaugh Rosenthal Peisch & Ford, LLP
Connolly Law Offices, LLC
Conrad | Metlitzky | Kane LLP
Coogan Gallagher
Coopers LLP
Coppersmith Brockelman PLC
Corey B. Bearak, Esq.

Cornish & Dell'Olio, P.C.
Corr Cronin LLP
Correia & Puth, PLLC
Costin Marcus PLLC
Cotchett, Pitre & McCarthy, LLP
Cotsirilos, Poulos & Campbell, Ltd.
Covington & Burling LLP
Cowan DeBaets Abrahams & Sheppard LLP
Cowan, Liebowitz & Latman, P.C.
Cowdery, Murphy & Healy, LLC
Crain Brogdon, LLP
CRGO Law
Crowell & Moring LLP
Crowley Norman LLP
Cultural Heritage Partners, PLLC
Cummins & Cummins, LLP
Curcio Law, PLLC
Daar & Newman, a Professional Law Corporation
D'Amico & Pettinicchi, LLC
Danchuk Law, LLC
Dardarian Ho Kan & Lee
Daryl P. Brautigam, Attorney at Law
Davey & Goldman Law Firm
David Corbett PLLC
Davis Graham & Stubbs LLP
Davis Law New Mexico
Davis Levin Livingston
Davis Wright Tremaine LLP
Davis+Gilbert LLP
Davison Law, LLC
DEH Law, PLLC
Delegal, Poindexter & Underkofler, P.A.
DePaul Law, Inc.
Deutsch Hunt PLLC

Diane K. Vaillancourt, Attorney-at-Law
Dickenson, Peatman, & Fogarty, P.C.
DMC Law, LLC
Donahue Law Firm, PLLC
Donahue, Goldberg, Herzog & Davidson
Donald F. Carnes, P.C.
Dorsay & Easton LLP
Doyle Dennis Avery LLP
Dreher Law Firm
Dunn Isaacson Rhee LLP
Dyller & Solomon, LLC
Edelson PC
Edward J. McIntyre, Esq.
Edward L. White, PC
Edward R. Shaw, P.A.
Edwards Law
Ehrlich & Craig LLP
Eimer Stahl LLP
Elevare Law LLP
Elizabeth Daniel Law, PLLC
Elrod Friedman LLP
Emery Celli Brinckerhoff Abady Ward & Maazel LLP
Equity Litigation Group LLP
Eric Maxfield Law, LLC
Erica McKinley, PLLC
Esler Stephens & Buckley LLP
Esseks Ingoglia
Estes Law Group
Evans Law Firm, Inc.
Ezkovich & Co., LLC
Farella Braun + Martel LLP
Faughnan Law, PLLC
Fegan Scott LLP
Feinberg, Jackson, Worthman & Wasow LLP

Ferrara & Gable, LLC
FG+G
Fick & Marx LLP
Finkel Law Group P.C.
Fisher Taubenfeld LLP
Fishman Haygood LLP
Foley Hoag LLP
Folger Levin LLP
Forsgren Fisher McCalmont DeMarea Tysver LLP
Fox & Robertson, PC
Fox Swibel Levin & Carroll LLP
Frank Freed Subit & Thomas LLP
Frankel PLLC
Frankfurt Kurnit Klein + Selz PC
Freedman Boyd Hollander & Goldberg P.A.
FreelandLaw LLP
Freshfields US LLP
Friedemann Goldberg Wargo Hess LLP
Friedlander Mislner, PLLC
Friedman | Rubin, PLLP
Fritz Byrne, PLLC
FTW Law Group
Gainey Law, PLLC
Galarnyk & Associates, Ltd.
Gale Law Firm
Galiher DeRobertis & Waxman LLP
Gallagher LLP
Garland, Samuel & Loeb, P.C.
Garmey Law
gartner + bloom P.C.
Gass Arbitration
Gelber & Santillo PLLC
George Brothers Kincaid & Horton, L.L.P.
Gespass & Johnson

Getman, Sweeney & Dunn, PLLC
Gibbs & Bruns LLP
Gilbert LLP
Gingras, Thomsen & Wachs, LLP
GinsburgLaw PLLC
Girard Sharp LLP
Gish PLLC
Giskan Solotaroff & Anderson LLP
Gladstein, Reif & Meginniss, LLP
Glaser Weil Fink Howard Jordan & Shapiro LLP
Glasscox Law Firm, LLC
Glenn Agre Bergman & Fuentes LLP
Golden Law
Goldman Ismail Tomaselli Brennan & Baum LLP
Goodley McCarthy LLC
Goodman Corporate Law PLLC
Goodman Hurwitz & James, P.C.
Goodman Tovrov Hardy & Johnson LLC
Gordon & Saunders, PLLC
Gordon Thomas Honeywell LLP
Gordon Tilden Thomas & Cordell LLP
Goulston & Storrs PC
Grant & Eisenhofer, P.A.
Grant Austin, LLC
Gratz Law and Mediation PLLC
Graves, Dougherty, Hearon & Moody, P.C.
Gray & Associates, P.C.
Green & Willstatter
Greenbaum Olbrantz LLP
Greene Broillet & Wheeler, LLP
Greene Espel PLLP
Greenspun Shapiro Ginsberg & Yang PC
Griffin Frey, PLLC
Groombridge, Wu, Baughman & Stone LLP

Gross & Belsky P.C.
Grossman LLP
Grove Law LLP
Gupta Wessler LLP
Gustafson Gluek, PLLC
GVR Partners LLP
H.P. Williams Jr., PLLC
Haber | Blank
Haddon, Morgan and Foreman, P.C.
Hagens Berman Sobol Shapiro LLP
Hamilton Law and Mediation, PLLC
Hangley Aronchick Segal Pudlin & Schiller
Hanson Bridgett LLP
Hanson Crawford Crum Family Law Group LLP
Hanusz Law, PC
Harris St. Laurent LLP
Harris Winick Harris LLP
Hart McLaughlin & Eldridge LLC
Hausfeld LLP
Hayward PLLC
Hecker Fink LLP
Heller Huron Chertkof & Salzman pllc
Hendler Flores Law, PLLC
Hilliard Shadowen LLP
Hillis Clark Martin & Peterson P.S.
Hinman Legal P.C.
HKM Employment Attorneys LLP
Holland, Holland Edwards & Grossman, LLC
Holm Law Group, PC
Holwell Shuster & Goldberg LLP
Hone Law LLC
Hoq Law APC
Houlding Law PC
Hrbek Law LLC

Hubbard Snitchler & Parzianello PLC
Hughes Socol Piers Resnick & Dym, Ltd.
Human Rights Defense Center
Hurley McKenna & Mertz, P.C.
Hutchinson Black and Cook, LLC
Hykel Law, LLC
Icenogle & Boggins, PLLC
Iliff, Meredith, Wildberger & Brennan, P.C.
Incline Law Group, An Association of Attorneys
Injury Law Associates
Interlaken Law Group, PLLC
Internet Law Center Ltd.
J. Cantor Law
Jackson Sjoberg LLP
Jacobs & Dow, LLC
Jacobs & Schlesinger LLP
Jacobs Injury Law, SC
Jacobsen Law, PLC
Jacobson & Associates
Jaffe Counsel PLC
James & Hoffman, P.C.
James D. Leach Law Office
James D. Taylor, P.C., Attorneys & Counselors at Law
James Ellis Arden, Attorney at Law
Jason Wiener, p.c., a public benefit corporation
Jassy Vick Carolan LLP
Jaurigue Law Group
Jay Hailey Attorney PLLC
Jayne Law Group, P.C.
Jeff Rein Law
Jeffrey T. Heintz, Esq.
Jennifer F. Apitz, Attorney at Law
Jennifer M. French, APC
Joel L. Sogol, Attorney at Law

John A. Strait, Attorney at Law
John Vail Law, PLLC
Johnson & Klein Law
Johnson, Webbert & Beard, LLP
Jon Michael Smith, Attorney
Joseph Fox, Esq.
Judy Potter PA
Justice Law Collaborative, LLC
Kairys, Rudovsky, Messing, Feinberg & Lin LLP
Kaiser PLLC
Kaplan & Grady LLC
Kaplan Gore LLP
Kaplan Kirsch LLP
Kaplan Law Firm, PLLC
Kaplan Martin LLP
Kassel McVey
Kathryn Ross Law
Katsky Korins LLP
Katz Banks Kumin LLP
Kaufman Lieb Lebowitz & Frick LLP
KBM Law
Keenan & Bhatia, LLC
Keker, Van Nest & Peters LLP
Keller Benvenuti Kim LLP
Keller Grover LLP
Keller Rohrback L.L.P.
Kellogg, Hansen, Todd, Figel & Frederick, P.L.L.C.
Kendall Brill & Kelly LLP
Kenneth M. Sigelman & Associates
Kenneth P. Tableman, P.C.
Kevin Kohls PLC
Kibler Fowler & Cave LLP
Kidd Law Firm, PLLC
Kieve Law Offices

Killmer Lane, LLP
Kingfisher Law APC
KKL LLP
Kline & Specter, PC
Klinedinst PC
Klubes Law Group
KO Law PC
Kohn, Kohn & Colapinto, LLP
Koskoff, Koskoff & Bieder PC
Kosloski Law, PLLC
Koslyn Law
Koss Firm APC
Kostelanetz LLP
Kramon & Graham, P.A.
Krantz & Berman LLP
Kreindler & Associates
Krevolin & Horst, LLC
Krokidas & Bluestein LLP
Kropf Moseley Schmitt PLLC
Kuras Legal, PLC
Kwall Barack Nadeau PLLC
Kwun Bhansali Lazarus LLP
L'Abbate Balkan Colavita & Contini, LLP
Lamitie Law LLC
Langer, Grogan & Diver P.C.
Langrock Sperry & Wool, LLP
Lansner & Kubitschek
Lapin Landa Nolan, LLP
Larkins Vacura Kayser LLP
Larsen Walters PLLC
Lasher Holzapfel Sperry & Ebberson PLLC
Law Forward, Inc.
Law Office of Alexis Haller, P.C.
Law Office of Anne Garrett PC

Law Office of Anya Goldstein
Law Office of Barry M. Wolf
Law Office of Chun T. Wright, PLLC
Law Office of Darlene Bagley Comstedt
Law Office of Dawn Brewer
Law Office of Dicky Grigg, PC
Law Office of Elisabeth Ames
Law Office of Elizabeth Kelley
Law Office of Eric A. Marshall
Law Office of Gail Shifman
Law Office of Ihsan Dogramaci PLLC
Law Office of Jack Vetter
Law Office of Janet L. Brewer
Law Office of Jeffrey R. Boxer
Law Office of Jim Norman, PLLC
Law Office of John D. Cline
Law Office of Joshua Katz
Law Office of Lewis Chimes, LLC
Law Office of Lisa C. Lambert
Law Office of M. Suzanne Molley
Law Office of Mark S. Mishler, P.C.
Law Office of Michael Lumer
Law Office of Michael R. Marrinan
Law Office of Nanci Clarence
Law Office of Peter J. Heflin
Law Office of Rebecca E. Ary
Law Office of Richard E. Johnson
Law Office of Richard J. Davis
Law Office of Rose M. Weber
Law Office of Stephen Chahn Lee, LLC
Law Office of Susan F. Zinder, PLLC
Law Office of Susan Mindenbergs
Law Office of Thomas M. Ryan
Law Office of Timothy Black

Law Offices of Alex J. Higgins, PLLC
Law Offices of Andrew Marks PLLC
Law Offices of Arlan A. Cohen
Law Offices of Arthur Thomas Donato Jr.
Law Offices of Brett D. Colacurcio
Law Offices of Clemente Franco, APC
Law Offices of David M. Zeff
Law Offices of David P. Sheldon, PLLC
Law Offices of Deborah LaBelle
Law Offices of Dena Alo-Colbeck
Law Offices of Donald V. Smiley, APC
Law Offices of Evan A. Jenness
Law Offices of Gerry Weber, LLC
Law Offices of Greg Rosenfeld, P.A.
Law Offices of Gregory S. Smith
Law Offices of Jacqueline S. Jacobson
Law Offices of Johanna J. Raimond Ltd.
Law Offices of Jonathan G. Stein
Law Offices of Joseph M. McMullen
Law Offices of Julia S. Gold, A.P.C.
Law Offices of Karen A. Klein
Law Offices of Mark P. Zimmert
Law Offices of Melissa A. Weinberger
Law Offices of Paul H. Stevenson
Law Offices of Paul Weich
Law Offices of Peter Goldman, LLC
Law Offices of Richard E. Grayson
Law Offices of Richard M. Steingard
Law Offices of Robert D. Richman LLC
Law Offices of Robert Wallenstein
Law Offices of Seth P. Chazin
Law Offices of Ted B. Wacker
Law Offices of Thomas S. Salinger, A.P.C.
Law Offices of Timothy J. Swift, APC

Law Offices of William J. Sweeney, Jr. LLC
Lawyers For the Rule of Law
LeGrand Law PLLC
Leichtman Law PLLC
Lenzo & Reis, LLC
Lerch, Early & Brewer
Leung Law PLLC
LeVan Law LLC
Levi Merrithew Horst PC
Levin & Perconti
Levine Lee LLP
Lewis & Lin LLC
Lewis Baach Kaufmann Middlemiss PLLC
Lex Lumina LLP
Libby Hoopes Brooks & Mulvey, P.C.
Liebenson Law
Liedel Law Group
Lieff Cabraser Heimann & Bernstein, LLP
Lighthouse Litigation PLLC
Linda E. Spiegel, Esq., Attorney at Law
Lisa Cahill PLLC
Liston Abramson LLP
Littlepage Booth
Lockridge Grindal Nauen PLLP
Loevy & Loevy
Loftus & Eisenberg, Ltd.
Lohr Law Office LLC
Long & Levit, LLP
Lorens and Associates, APLC
Louis P. Pfeffer P.A.
LoVerde Law, LLC
Lowrey Parady Lebsack DeFazio, LLC
Luby Law & Mediation Services, PLLC
Lynn Pinker Hurst & Schwegmann

MacDonald Hoague & Bayless
Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP
Mancini Shenk LLP
Marino, Tortorella & Boyle, P.C.
Markowitz Herbold PC
Marshall & Saunders, P.S.
Marziani, Stevens & Gonzalez PLLC
Maslon LLP
Massey & Gail LLP
Maxson Mago & Macaulay, LLP
McBride Law LLC
McCandlish Holton, PC
McCracken, Stemerma & Holsberry LLP
McCurdy & Eichstadt, P.C.
McDowell Rackner Gibson PC
McGill & Co., P.C.
McGreevy Law, LLC
McGuinn, Hillsman & Palefsky
McHugh Law, PLLC
McKenzie Scott PC
McLane Middleton
McLane, Bednarski & Litt, LLP
McNaul Ebel PPLC
Mehri & Skalet, PLLC
Melnik Legal PLLC
Meltzer Hellrung LLC
Meyers Nave
MGL LLP
Michael Bobseine, Attorney at Law
Michael Broad, Attorney at Law
Miller Korzenik Rayman LLP
Miller Law LLC
Miller Nash LLP
Miller Shakman Levine & Feldman LLP

Miller, Miller & Canby
Miner, Barnhill & Galland, P.C.
Minton, Bassett, Flores & Carsey, P.C.
Monahan Law Group, LLC
Monchamp Meldrum LLP
Moses & Moses, P.C.
Moskowitz Colson Ginsberg & Schulman LLP
Motley Rice LLC
Moya Law Firm
Much Shelist, P.C.
Mullen Law Firm
Nace Law Group Accident & Injury Lawyers
Nachawati Law Group PLLC
Nachlis | Cohade | Lopez-Whitaker, LLP
Nathan A. Fluter & Associates, PLLC
Nathan A. Holcomb Esq., PC
Neal, Gerber & Eisenberg LLP
Neill Schwerin Boxerman, P.C.
Nelson & Fraenkel LLP
Nelson Defense Group, LLC
Newman | McNulty LLC
Nichols Kaster, PLLP
Nolan Heimann LLP
Northern Justice Project, LLC
Odin Law and Media
Ogborn Mihm, LLP
O'Keefe & O'Keefe LLP
Olivier & Schreiber PC
Olson Grimsley Kawanabe Hinchcliff & Murray LLC
Olson Remcho LLP
O'Malley & Madden, P.C.
Orange Law Offices, P.C.
Orchard Ridge Advisory, LLC
Orsus Gate LLP

Outten & Golden LLP
Pacific Northwest Law LLP
Pacifica Law Group LLP
PacLaw Group
Pahlke Law, PLLC
Palmer Mediation LLC
Paradigm Counsel LLP
Paradise Law Group, PC
Parker Lipman LLP
Parker Pohl LLP
Pashman Stein Walder Hayden, P.C.
Patrick Doerr LLP
Patterson Belknap Webb & Tyler LLP
Patterson Harkavy LLP
Peiffer Wolf Carr Kane Conway & Wise, LLP
Pelosi Wolf Spates LLP
Perdue & Kidd, LLP
Persyn Law & Policy
Peter L. Conway, P.C.
Peter Romer-Friedman Law PLLC
Petrillo Klein + Boxer LLP
Pfeiffer Rudolf PA
Pierson Ferdinand LLP
Pilgrim Christakis LLP
Pines Bach LLP
Pitt McGehee Palmer Bonanni & Rivers P.C.
Plaskov Prescott & Moore, LLP
Plata Law Group LLC
Podhurst / Orseck
Price Law, LLC
Prochaska Law Firm
Purchase, George & Murphey, P.C.
Puryear and Lingle, P.L.L.C.
Rafferty Domnick Cunningham Yaffa

Rainier Vista Law Group
Rathod Mohamedbhai LLC
Reeves & Brightwell LLP
REH Legal, APC
Reitler Kailas & Rosenblatt LLP
Rekhi & Wolk, P.S.
Relman Colfax PLLC
Richard LaFond, P.C.
Richards Carrington, LLC
Richardson Thomas, LLC
Riley Safer Holmes & Cancila LLP
Rimon, P.C.
Ringstrom DeKrey PLLP
RisCassi & Davis, P.C.
Ritz Clark & Ben-Asher LLP
Riverside Northwest Law Group, PLLC
Riviera Law and Mediation
Robb & Robb LLC
Robbins LLP
Roberson & Roberson P.A.
Robert A. Cole, Attorney at Law
Roberts Disability Law, P.C.
Robin Potter & Associates, P.C.
Rogers Joseph O'Donnell P.C.
Romanucci & Blandin LLC
Rosen Bien Galvan & Grunfeld LLP
Rosenberg Martin Greenberg, LLP
Rosenwein Law Group
Rosing Pott & Strohbehn LLP
Rossbach Law, P.C.
Rothner, Segall & Greenstone
Rothstein Donatelli LLP
Roxanne Conlin & Associates P.C.
Rudy, Exelrod, Zieff & Lowe, LLP

Ruiz & Smart LLP
Russ Perisho, PLLC
Russell & Woofter LLC
Sack Rosendin Inc.
Salahi PC
Sall Spencer Callas & Krueger, ALC
Salvatore Prescott Porter & Porter, PLLC
Sanchez Daniels & Hoffman LLP
Sanderford & Carroll, PC
Sandler Reiff Lamb Rosenstein & Birkenstock, P.C.
Sanger, Hanley, Sanger & Avila, LLP
Sarafa Zellan PLLC
Sarah Lewerenz, Attorney at Law
Schindler Cohen & Hochman LLP
Schonbrun Seplow Harris Hoffman & Zeldes, LLP
Schroeter, Goldmark & Bender, P.S.
Schwabe, Williamson & Wyatt, P.C.
Scott A. Korenbaum, Esq.
Scott J. Tepper APC
Seals Phillips LLP
Searcy Denney Scarola Barnhart & Shipley, P.A.
Seeskin Law LLC
Segal & Amos, PLLC
Segal & Laska, LLC
Selendy Gay PLLC
Selzer Gurvitch Rabin Wertheimer & Polott, P.C.
Sentner Safran LLP
Sercarz & Riopelle, LLP
Serpe LLC
Seyfarth Shaw LLP
Shades of Gray Law, P.C.
Shaheen & Gordon, P.A.
Shartsis Friese LLP
Sher Edling LLP

Sher Tremonte LLP
Sherin and Lodgen LLP
Shinder Cantor Lerner LLP
Shipman & Goodwin LLP
Shreefer Law Firm, LLC
Shute, Mihaly & Weinberger LLP
Sideman & Bancroft LLP
Singleton Schreiber LLP
Siro Smith Dickson PC
Sitara Human Rights Law
Sive, Paget & Riesel, P.C.
SL Phillips Law pllc
Slager Madry LLC
Slarskey LLC
Slater Legal PLLC
Slaton Roebuck, PLLC
Smith & Marjanovic Law, LLC
Smith Mullin, P.C.
Smith Partners PLLP
SMN Law APC
Smoger & Associates
Smoot Law Firm, P.C.
Sniderman Law
Solomon Appeals, Mediation & Arbitration
Solow, PLLC
Sommerman, McCaffity, Quesada & Geisler, LLP
Spark Justice Law LLC
Spaulding McCullough & Tansil LLP
Spear Wilderman, P.C.
Spera Law Group, LLC
Sperling Kenny Nachwalter, LLC
Spertus, Josephs & Minnick, LLP
Spiegel & McDiarmid LLP
Spivak Lipton LLP

SpyHop Law PLLC
Stapleton Segal Cochran LLC
Stark & Stark PC
Stearns Weaver Miller
Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein & Fox PLLC
Steven B. Piser, A.P.C.
Steven Williams Law, P.C.
Stoel Rives LLP
Stoll Stoll Berne Lokting & Shlachter PC
Strange LLP
Strehorn, Ryan & Hoose
Stueve Siegel Hanson LLP
Stulberg & Walsh, LLP
Summit Law Group, PLLC
Swan Employment Law
Tabet DiVito & Rothstein LLC
Tabitha Myers Law PLLC (Midtown Law)
Tai Park PLLC
Tatro & Thorpe, LLP
Taus, Cebulash & Landau, LLP
TCamp PLLC
Terance P. Perry & Associates
Terrell Marshall Law Group PLLC
Terris, Pravlik & Millian, LLP
Teske Law PLLC
The Advani Law Firm
The Avanzado Law Firm, APLC
The Beck Law Firm
The Bronson Firm APC
The Burchett Law Firm, PC
The Coopersmith Law Firm, LLP
The Coppola Firm
The deRubertis Law Firm, APC
The Employment Law Group, P.C.

The Fierberg National Law Group, PLLC
The Jeff Scott Olson Law Firm, S.C.
The Josh Greenberg Law Firm PLLC
The Kelley Firm, PLLC
The Krudys Law Firm, PLC
The Law Office of Alex Coolman
The Law Office of Becky Beaver
The Law Office of Christopher M. Goodman PLLC
The Law Office of Christy O'Connor
The Law Office of Marlo P. Cadeddu, PC
The Law Office of Timothy J. Deffet
The Law Office of William Hornsby
The Law Offices of Aaron M. Lukoff & Associates, PLLC
The Law Offices of Brian M. Pomerantz
The Law Offices of Eric J. Moutz, LLC
The Law Offices of John Burton
The Law Offices of Paul Glusman
The Law Offices of Peter Swarth
The Maddox Firm LLC
The Monts Firm
The Noble Law Firm
The Norton Law Firm PC
The Porter Law Firm, PLLC
The Prinz Law Firm, P.C.
The Ringler Law Firm
The Rossman Firm, LLC
The Ryder Law Firm, LLC
The Schaps Law Office, A.P.C.
The Seltzer Law Firm
Thede Culpepper Moore Munro & Silliman LLP
Thomas D. Walker, Attorney at Law
Thomas Law LLC
Tim Lyons Law, PLLC
Tin Fulton Walker & Owen, PLLC

Tjong & Hsia LLP
TLO LAW, P.C.
Todd & Weld LLP
Tonkon Torp LLP
TottisLaw
Trine Law Firm LLC
Trister, Ross, Schadler & Gold, PLLC
Tucker Law Group, LLC
Tymann, Davis & Duffy LLP
Untiedt Dabdoub, PLLC
Valentine Austriaco & Bueschel, P.C.
Van Kampen Law, P.C.
Vanaman German LLP
Varlack Legal Services
Verso Law Group LLP
Victor M. Glasberg & Associates
VII & IX, A Professional Law Corporation
Vinick Hyams LLP
Visible Law LLC
Vladeck, Raskin & Clark, PC
Volin Employment Law, PLLC
Walden Macht Haran & Williams LLP
Walkup Melodia Kelly & Schoenberger
Wallen Law PC
Wang Hecker LLP
Waples & Hanger
Washington Employment Benefits Advocates, PLLC
Waters Kraus Paul & Siegel
Waymaker LLP
Weddle Law PLLC
Weissman & Mintz LLC
Weitz & Luxenberg, P.C.
Welsh & Recker, P.C.
Whistleblower Partners LLP

White & Stradley, PLLC
Whitney & Schowalter, LLC
Wickman & Wickman, Attorneys at Law
Wiggin and Dana LLP
Wilkinson Stekloff LLP
Willenson Law, LLC
William D. Shapiro Law, Inc.
Williams Oinonen LLC
Wilson Turner Kosmo LLP
Windy City Trial Group, Inc.
Winebrake & Santillo, LLC
Wisniewski & Associates, LLC
Withers Bergman LLP
Wocl Leydon LLC
Wolf & Oxley PLLC
Wong Sung Law
Work/Environment Law Group
Yetter Coleman LLP
Yow PC
Zalkind Duncan & Bernstein LLP
Zimmer, Citron & Clarke LLP
Zimmerman Reed LLP
Zitrin Law Office, San Francisco, CA
Zucker Law Group, LLP
Zukerman Gore Brandeis & Crossman, LLP
ZwillGen PLLC